



Die Verwendung des Going-to-future

Das Going-to-future ist eine Zeitform, die ausdrückt, was in der Zukunft geschehen wird.

Du verwendest sie immer dann,

- wenn du **Planungen** für die Zukunft ausdrücken möchtest.
(Beispiel: *I am going to have a party on Saturday.*)
- du sagen möchtest, dass du eine **Vorahnung** hast oder du etwas kommen siehst.
(Beispiel: *Look, the cars are going to crash!*)

Die Bildung des Going-to-future

Du bildest das Going-to-future folgendermaßen:

Form von *to be* (*am, are, is*) + *going to* + Verb im Infinitiv

Kurzform

Wie in vielen anderen Zeiten, kann man auch im Going-to-future die Kurzform in den Aussagesätzen verwenden:

1. *I am going to buy a hamburger.* → *I'm going to buy a hamburger.*
2. *He is going to buy a hamburger.* → *He's going to buy a hamburger.*



1. Translate into English and write down the correct sentences.

| | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 1. Pers. Sing. | Ich werde sitzen. |
| 2. Pers. Sing. | Du wirst sitzen. |
| 3. Pers. Sing. | Er wird sitzen. |
| 1. Pers. Pl. | Wir werden sitzen. |
| 2. Pers. Pl. | Ihr werdet sitzen. |
| 3. Pers. Pl. | Sie werden sitzen. |

2. Write down the following sentences in the correct order.

- a) You / dance tonight / going to / are
- b) I / going to / meet Sarah after school / am
- c) My parents / going to / go on holiday next week / are
- d) Going to / the boys / have a party at the weekend / are
- e) The bus / is / arrive late this afternoon / going to
- f) Are / Dan and Jim / going to / buy new tennis shoes on Saturday

3. Write down the following sentences in going-to-future.

- a) She (meet) her best friend Tom.
- b) They (do) their homework.
- c) They (meet) in the cinema.
- d) He (arrive) by bus at 10 o'clock.
- e) I (watch) TV with you.
- f) They (play) in the garden.

4. Translate the following sentences.

- a) Am Wochenende werden wir unsere Großeltern besuchen.
- b) Nächstes Jahr werde meine Eltern ein neues Auto kaufen.
- c) Am Mittwoch werden wir unsere Hausaufgaben abends machen.
- d) 2014 werde ich die Schule verlassen.
- e) Ich werde im Sommer meine neuen Schuhe kaufen.

Download zur Ansicht

**1. Translate the verbs and write down the correct English sentences in going-to-future.**

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| 1. Pers. Sing. | haben |
| 2. Pers. Sing. | gehen |
| 3. Pers. Sing. | spielen |
| 1. Pers. Pl. | tanzen |
| 2. Pers. Pl. | anrufen |
| 3. Pers. Pl. | laufen |

2. Write down correct sentences in going-to-future.

- a) You / sleep late / tomorrow
- b) I / play tennis / in the evening
- c) My sisters / leave school / in summer
- d) The dogs / play outside / in the afternoon
- e) The train / be late / this morning
- f) Carol and Sally / meet their friends / on Sunday

3. Answer the following questions in going-to-future.

- a) What is Sally going to do after school? – She / do / her homework / with Sam.
- b) What are the kids going to do after school? – They / play / in the garden.
- c) Where are the girls going to meet? – They / meet / in the restaurant.
- d) When is Peter going to come? – He / arrive / by train / in the evening.
- e) Who is going to play the guitar with me? – I / play / the guitar with you.
- f) Where are they going to go on holidays? – They / go / to Spain.

4. Translate the following sentences and use – if possible – the short form.

- a) Am Samstag werden wir die Müllers treffen.
- b) Nächstes Jahr wird meine beste Freundin nach London ziehen.
- c) Am Donnerstag werden sie sich einen Hund kaufen.
- d) 2013 wird mich meine Eltern besuchen.
- e) Die Eltern werden ihre Kinder besuchen.



Die Verwendung des Going-to-future

Das Going-to-future ist eine Zeitform, die ausdrückt, was in der Zukunft (nicht) geschehen wird.

Du verwendest sie immer dann,

- wenn du Planungen für die Zukunft ausdrücken möchtest. (Beispiel: *I am not going to have a party on Saturday.*)
- du sagen möchtest, dass du eine Vorahnung hast, du etwas kommen siehst. (Beispiel: *Look, the cars aren't going to stop there!*).

Die Bildung der Verneinung im Going-to-future

Du bildest die Verneinung im Going-to-future, indem du „not“ hinter das Hilfsverb stellst:

Form von *to be* (*am, are, is*) + *not* + *going to* + Verb im Infinitiv

Beispiel: *I am not going to take the train.*
He is not going to take the bus.
My car is not going to take the car.



1. Look at the 8 sentences below. 5 are correctly negated.

a. Mark the correct sentences with a cross.

b. Correct the wrong negations.

- a) Mary is going to not open the window in the morning.
- b) Sam and Carol are not going to sleep long on Saturday.
- c) My dog isn't going to go for a walk alone.
- d) Sarah and her parents not are going to leave at 10 o'clock.
- e) I am not going to call you later this morning.
- f) You aren't going to come to the party on Friday.
- g) Larry is going to open not his present from Sue.
- h) We aren't going to go on holiday this year.

2. Negate the following sentences correctly.

- a) Michael is going to buy a new car on Friday.
- b) Mary and her best friend are going to go shopping after school.
- c) My grandparents are going to buy me a new bike next week.
- d) I am going to do my homework at 2 o'clock.
- e) You are going to watch the new film tonight.
- f) Our teacher is going to leave school in summer.
- g) We are going to go on a class trip in June.

3. Translate the following sentences.

- a) Wir werden Sally nachmittags nicht treffen. (meet)
- b) Jim und Jack werden uns nicht bei den Hausaufgaben helfen. (help)
- c) Meine Eltern werden kein neues Haus kaufen. (buy)
- d) I am not going to help you.
- e) We aren't going to travel to New York.
- f) She isn't going to cook dinner this evening.

4. Write down the full form of the sentences in the short form.

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1. Write down correct negations in going-to-future. Translate the sentences into German.

- Jeanny not is going to wash the dishes in the afternoon.
- Peter and Jim are going to not wash the car.
- Mum isn't not going to help me with my homework today.
- Dad and uncle John not are going to come home in time.
- Peer and our dog not aren't going for a walk in the park this evening.
- I not am going to come to your party on Sunday.
- She is going to open not her present from Tommy.
- We going to go aren't to London this summer.

2. Negate the following sentences correctly. Translate them into German.

- Mum and dad are going to plan our trip to Jamaica.
- Tom is going to help me with my English vocabulary.
- My grandfather is going to visit us in June.
- I am going to meet Jenny in the park at 1 o'clock.
- You are going to buy new trousers in this shop.
- My new teacher is going to give us back our tests tomorrow.
- They are going to go to the museum at the weekend.

3. Translate the following sentences into English and take care of the correct negation.

- Ich werde dich nach der Schule nicht anrufen.
- Peter wird mir heute keine SMS schreiben.
- Unser Hund wird heute Abend nicht Gassi gehen.
- Sie werden uns am Wochenende nicht besuchen.
- Ich werde dich am Samstag nicht zur Party fahren.

4. Look at the chart and write down correctly negated sentences in going-to-future. Take care of the word order.

| Who | When | What | Where/Who |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Sarah | at 7 o'clock | get up | – |
| Jim and ... | on Saturday | play tennis | outside |



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Das Going-to-future ist eine Zeitform, die ausdrückt, was in der Zukunft geschehen wird.

Du verwendest sie immer dann,

- wenn du **Planungen** für die Zukunft erfragen möchtest.
(Beispiel: „Are you going to come to my party on Saturday?“)
- du sagen möchtest, dass du eine **Vorahnung** hast, du etwas kommen siehst.
(Beispiel: „Look, are we going to crash those cars?“)

Die Bildung der Frage im Going-to-future

Du bildest die Frage im Going-to-future folgendermaßen:

1. Möglichkeit

Form von *to be* (*am, are, is*) + Pers.pronomen + *going to* + Verb im Inf.

(Beispiel: „Are you going to come to my party?“)

„Is he going to wash our car in the afternoon?“)

2. Möglichkeit



1. Read the following answers and write down the correct questions.

- a) Q: you / going to / help / me / after school?
A: Yes, I am going to help you with your homework.
- b) Q: Tracy / going to / join / us on Wednesday?
A: No, Tracy isn't going to join us. She is going to play tennis.
- c) Q: your mum / going to / work / tomorrow?
A: Yes, my mum is going to work tomorrow in the afternoon.
- d) Q: you / going to / go / to the cinema / tonight?
A: No, I am not going to go to the cinema.
- e) Q: Sarah / going to / fly to France / in summer?
A: No, I think she is going to take the train to Italy.

2. You ask your brother if he is going to do the following things. Write down your questions.

- a) wash dad's car – on Friday
- b) have a party at home – next Saturday
- c) go on holiday with the family – in winter
- d) do your homework – in the afternoon
- e) watch TV with mum – at 8 o'clock

3. Translate the following questions.

- a) Wann werden wir uns heute Nachmittag treffen? (to meet / when)
- b) Wo wird Tom Tennis spielen? (to play / where)
- c) Wen möchtest du zu dir einladen? (to join / who)

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**1. Read John's answers and write down the corresponding questions.**

- a) A: Yes, they are going to go to Spain in summer.
- b) A: No, Jim isn't going to come with his parents.
- c) A: Yes, his mum is going to work in Spain.
- d) A: No, I am not going to visit the family there. I have got no free time.
- e) A: No, I think he isn't going to take the plane but the train.
- f) A: Yes, Jeremy and Jim are going to move to London in summer.
- g) A: I don't know if Sally's mum is going to buy a dog for her birthday.

2. You ask your best friend if he/she is going to do the following things.**a. Write down the correct questions.****b. Your mum asks you about your friend's plans. What does she say?**

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| a) on Friday | come to Peter's party |
| b) at the weekend | meet Sarah |
| c) next summer | work in my dad's factory |
| d) in the morning | take the bus to school |
| e) after breakfast | go for a walk with my dog |

3. You ask your friend about his sister's plans for the weekend. Write down your questions.

- a) Wird deine Schwester heute Nachmittag zu Hause sein?
- b) Werden ihre Freundinnen sie besuchen?
- c) Werden sie in den Park gehen?
- d) Wird sie am Samstag auch auf deiner Party sein?
- e) Werden ihre Freunde sie begleiten?

4. Translate the questions and take care of the question words you need.



1.

- a) I am going to sit.
- b) You are going to sit.
- c) He is going to sit.
- d) We are going to sit.
- e) You are going to sit.
- f) They are going to sit.

2.

- a) You are going to dance tonight.
- b) I am going to meet Sarah after school.
- c) My parents are going to go on holiday next week.
- d) The boys are going to have a party at the weekend.
- e) The bus is going to arrive late this afternoon.
- f) Dan and Jim are going to buy new tennis shoes on Saturday.

3.

- a) She is going to meet her best friend Tom.
- b) They are going to do their homework.
- c) They are going to meet in the cinema.
- d) He is going to arrive by bus at 10 o'clock.
- e) I am going to watch TV with you.
- f) They are going to play in the garden.

4.

- a) At the weekend, we are going to visit our grandparents.
- b) Next year, my parents are going to buy a new car.
- c) On Wednesday, we are going to do our homework in the evening.
- d) In 2014 I am going to leave school.
- e) Mary is going to buy new shoes in the afternoon.
- f) The bus is going to arrive at 3 o'clock.

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1.

- a) I am going to have.
- b) You are going to go.
- c) He/she/it is going to play.
- d) We are going to dance.
- e) You are going to call.
- f) They are going to run.

2.

- a) You are going to sleep late tomorrow.
- b) I am going to play tennis in the evening.
- c) My sisters are going to leave school in summer.
- d) The dogs are going to play outside in the afternoon.
- e) The train is going to be late this morning.
- f) Carol and Sally are going to meet their friends on Sunday.

3.

- a) She is going to do her homework with Sam.
- b) They are going to play in the garden.
- c) They are going to meet in the restaurant.
- d) He is going to arrive by train in the evening.
- e) I am going to play the guitar with you.
- f) They are going to go to Spain.

4.

- a) On Saturday, we're going to meet the Millers.
- b) Next year, my best friend is going to move to London.
- c) On Thursday, they're going to buy a dog.
- d) In 2013 I'm going to get married.
- e) Megan is going to watch a cinema this evening/tonight.
- f) The boys are going to play football.

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1.

a. b, c, e, f, h

b. a) Mary isn't going to open the window in the morning.

d) Sarah and her parents aren't going to leave at 10 o'clock.

g) Larry isn't going to open his presents from Sue.

2.

a) Michael isn't / is not going to buy a new car on Friday.

b) Mary and her best friend aren't / are not going to go shopping after school.

c) My grandparents aren't / are not going to buy me a new bike next week.

d) I'm / I am not going to do my homework at 2 o'clock.

e) You aren't / are not going to watch the new film tonight.

f) Our teacher isn't / is not going to leave school in summer.

g) We aren't / are not going to go on a class trip in June.

3.

a) We are not / aren't going to meet Sally in the afternoon.

b) Jim and Jack are not / aren't going to help us with the homework.

c) My parents are not / aren't going to buy a new house.

d) Ich werde dir nicht helfen.

e) Wir werden nicht nach New York reisen.

f) Sie wird heute Abend kein Essen kochen.

4.

a) We aren't going to write better tests next time.

b) My brother isn't going to ask the girl for her number.

c) Our cats aren't going to eat fish.

d) Jeremy isn't going to go to the cinema tonight.

e) She isn't going to answer the teacher's questions.

f) You aren't going to be the best in class this year.

Download zur Ansicht



1.

- a) Jeanny isn't going to wash the dishes in the afternoon.
Jenny wird das Geschirr am Nachmittag nicht abwaschen.
- b) Peter and Jim aren't going to wash the car.
Peter und Jim werden das Auto nicht waschen.
- c) Mum isn't going to help me with my homework today.
Mama wird mir heute nicht mit den Hausaufgaben helfen.
- d) Dad and uncle John aren't going to come home in time.
Papa und Onkel John werden nicht pünktlich nach Hause kommen.
- e) Peer and our dog aren't going to go for a walk in the park this evening.
Peer und unser Hund werden heute Abend nicht im Park Gassi gehen.
- f) I'm not going to come to your party on Sunday.
Ich werde am Sonntag nicht zu deiner/eurer Party kommen.
- g) She isn't going to open her present from Tommy.
Sie wird das Geschenk von Tommy nicht öffnen.
- h) We aren't going to go to London this summer.
Wir werden diesen Sommer nicht nach London fahren.

2.

- a) Mum and dad aren't going to plan our trip to Jamaica.
Mama und Papa werden unsere Reise nach Jamaica nicht planen.
- b) Tom isn't going to help me with my English vocabulary.
Tom wird mir nicht mit meinen Englischvokabeln helfen.
- c) My grandfather isn't going to visit us in June.
Mein Großvater wird uns im Juni nicht besuchen.
- d) I'm not going to meet Jenny in the park at 1 o'clock.
Ich werde Jenny nicht um ein Uhr im Park treffen.
- e) You aren't going to buy any trousers in this shop.
Du wirst heute in diesem Geschäft/Laden kaufen.

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4.

- a) Sarah isn't going to get up at 7 o'clock.
- b) Jim and Ted aren't going to play tennis outside on Saturday.
- c) Mr. Jones isn't going to wash the car in the garage at the weekend.
- d) My family isn't going to drive to Spain in summer.
- e) They aren't going to call their friends later.
- f) He isn't going to go to school in the morning.

5.

- a) We aren't going to write better tests next time.
- b) My brother isn't going to ask the girl for her number.
- c) Our cats aren't going to eat fish.
- d) Jeremy isn't going to go to the cinema tonight.
- e) She isn't going to answer the teacher's questions.
- f) You aren't going to be the best in class this year.

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1.

- a) Are you going to help me after school?
- b) Is Tracy going to join us on Wednesday?
- c) Is your mum going to work tomorrow?
- d) Are you going to go to the cinema tonight?
- e) Is Sarah going to fly to France in summer?

2.

- a) Are you going to wash dad's car on Friday?
- b) Are you going to have a party at home next Saturday?
- c) Are you going to go on holiday with the family in winter?
- d) Are you going to do your homework in the afternoon?
- e) Are you going to watch TV with mum at 8 o'clock?

3)

- a) When are we going to meet in the afternoon?
- b) Where is Tom going to play tennis?
- c) Who is going to join us?
- d) Why are your parents going to buy a new car?
- e) How are you going to help me?
- f) Wo wird Sally auf uns warten?
- g) Wann werden wir unsere Tests / Arbeiten zurückbekommen?
- h) Warum wird Jim nicht mit uns spielen?
- i) Wer wird am Mittwoch in unserer Mannschaft sein?
- j) Wo werden unsere Eltern heute Abend / am Abendessen?

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